AvMed

PHARMACY PRIOR AUTHORIZATION/STEP-EDIT REQUEST*

<u>Directions</u>: <u>The prescribing physician must sign and clearly print name (preprinted stamps not valid)</u> on this request. All other information may be filled in by office staff; <u>fax to 1-305-671-0200</u>. No additional phone calls will be necessary if all information (including phone and fax #s) on this form is correct. <u>If the information provided is not complete, correct, or legible, the authorization process can be delayed.</u>

Drug Requested: Dupixent® (dupilumab)

MEMBER & PRESCI	RIBER INFORMATION: Authorization may be delayed if incomplete.
Member Name:	
Member AvMed #:	Date of Birth:
Prescriber Name:	
	Date:
Office Contact Name:	
	Fax Number:
NPI #:	
	DN: Authorization may be delayed if incomplete.
Drug Name/Form/Strength	:
	Length of Therapy:
Diagnosis:	ICD Code, if applicable:
Weight (if applicable):	Date weight obtained:
Diagnosis	Recommended Dose
Atopic Dermatitis	 Adult: Initial: 600 mg (given as two 300 mg injections) Maintenance: 300 mg once every other week Children ≥ 6 years and Adolescents ≤ 17 years: 15 to < 30 kg – Initial: 600 mg once (administered as two 300 mg injections). Maintenance: 300 mg every 4 weeks 30 to < 60 kg – Initial: 400 mg once (administered as two 200 mg injections). Maintenance: 200 mg every other week 60 kg – Initial: 600 mg once (administered as two 300 mg

Diagnosis	Recommended Dose	
Asthma, moderate to severe	 Children ≥ 12 years, Adolescents and Adults: Initial: 400 mg (given as two 200 mg injections) or 600 mg (given as two 300 mg injections) Maintenance: 200 mg (following 400 mg initial dose) or 300 mg (following 600 mg initial dose) once every other week 	
	 Children ≥ 6 years and Adolescents < 12 years: 15 to <30 kg: 100 mg every other week or 300 mg every 4 weeks. ≥ 30 kg: 200 mg every other week 	
Asthma, oral corticosteroid dependent or with comorbid moderate to severe atopic dermatitis	 Initial: 600 mg (given as two 300 mg injections) Maintenance: 300 mg once every other week 	
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)	• 300 mg once every other week	
Chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyposis	 300 mg once every other week 200 mg syringes are <u>NOT</u> approved for chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyposis 	
Eosinophilic Esophagitis	 Children ≥ 1 year, Adolescents and Adults: 15 to <30 kg: Initial and maintenance: 200 mg once every other week 30 to <40 kg: Initial and maintenance: 300 mg once every other week 40 kg or more: 300 mg once every week 	
Prurigo Nodularis	 Initial: 600 mg (given as two 300 mg injections) Maintenance: 300 mg once every other week 	

Quantity Limits:

- 100 mg/0.67 mL prefilled syringe: 2 prefilled syringes per 28 days
- 200 mg/1.14 mL pen-injector: 2 pens per 28 days
- 200 mg/1.14 mL prefilled syringe: 2 prefilled syringes per 28 days
- 300 mg/2 mL pen-injector: 2 pens per 28 days
- 300 mg/2 mL prefilled syringe: 2 prefilled syringes per 28 days

*The Health Plan considers the use of concomitant therapy with Adbry[™], Cinqair[®], Dupixent[®], Fasenra[®], Nucala[®], Tezspire[™] and Xolair[®] to be experimental and investigational. Safety and efficacy of these combinations have NOT been established and will NOT be permitted. In the event a member has an active Adbry[™], Cinqair[®], Fasenra[®], Nucala[®], Tezspire[™] or Xolair[®] authorization on file, all subsequent requests for Dupixent[®] will NOT be approved.

• W	ill th	ne member be discontinuing a previous	y prescribed biologic if approved for requested medication? ☐ Yes OR ☐ No
		please list the medication that will be or al along with the corresponding effects	liscontinued and the medication that will be initiated upon ve date.
M	ledic	ation to be discontinued:	Effective date:
M	ledic	ation to be initiated:	Effective date:
supp	ort e		that apply. All criteria must be met for approval. To cluding lab results, diagnostics, and/or chart notes, must be
□ I	Diag	nosis: Moderate-to-Severe Ato	pic Dermatitis
<u>Init</u>	ial A	Authorization: 4 months	
	Pre	escribed by or in consultation with an a	llergist, dermatologist or immunologist
	Me	ember is 6 months of age or older	
☐ Member has a diagnosis of moderate to severe atopic dermatitis with disease severity confirmed ONE of the following:			evere atopic dermatitis with disease severity confirmed by
		Body Surface Area (BSA) involvement	nt >10%
		Eczema Area and Severity Index (EA	SI) score ≥ 16
		Investigator's Global Assessment (IG	A) score ≥ 3
		Scoring Atopic Dermatitis (SCORAD) score ≥ 25
☐ Member has tried and failed at least <u>TWO</u> of the following therapies (check all that apply; ver pharmacy paid claims):		of the following therapies (check all that apply; verified by	
		30 days (14 days for very high potent corticosteroid in the past 180 days	y) of therapy with ONE medium to very-high potency topical
		30 days of therapy with <u>ONE</u> topical ointment, pimecrolimus cream*) (*re	calcineurin inhibitor in the past 180 days (e.g., tacrolimus quires prior authorization)
		30 days of therapy with <u>ONE</u> topical (e.g., Eucrisa*, Zoryve 0.15% cream*	phosphodiesterase-4 enzyme inhibitor in the past 180 days (*requires prior authorization)
		30 days of therapy with <u>ONE</u> topical (*requires prior authorization)	anus kinase inhibitor in the past 180 days (e.g., Opzelura*)
		90 days of therapy with ONE generic mycophenolate mofetil)	oral DMARD (e.g., azathioprine, cyclosporine, methotrexate,

□ Diagnosis: Moderate-to-Severe Atopic Dermatitis			
Reauthorization: 12 months			
☐ Member has experienced a positive clinical response to Dupixent® therapy (e.g., reduced BSA involvement, decrease in severity based on physician assessment)			
□ Diagnosis: Moderate-to-Severe Asthma			
Initial Authorization: 12 months			
☐ Prescribed by or in consultation with an allergist, immunologist or pulmonologist			
☐ Member is 6 years of age or older			
☐ Member has been diagnosed with <u>ONE</u> of the following (check the diagnoses below that applies):			
□ 1.) Eosinophilic phenotype asthma — defined by a baseline (pre-Dupixent® treatment) peripheral blood eosinophil level greater than or equal to 150 cells per microliter and meets <u>ALL</u> the following clinical criteria:			
Member is currently being treated with <u>ONE</u> of the following unless there is a contraindication or intolerance to these medications and must be compliant on therapy <u>for at least 90 consecutived days</u> within a year of request (verified by pharmacy paid claims):			
High-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) (e.g., greater than 500 mcg fluticasone propionate equivalent/day) <u>AND</u> an additional asthma controller medication (e.g., leukotriene receptor antagonist, long-acting beta-2 agonist (LABA), theophylline)			
One maximally dosed combination ICS/LABA product (e.g., Advair® (fluticasone propionate/salmeterol), Dulera® (mometasone/formoterol), Symbicort® (budesonide/formoterol))			
☐ Member has experienced at least <u>ONE</u> of the following (check all that apply):			
ONE (1) or more exacerbations requiring additional medical treatment (e.g., oral corticosteroids, emergency department, urgent care visits or hospitalizations within the past 12 months)			
☐ Any prior intubation for an asthma exacerbation			
☐ Member has a baseline forced expiratory volume (FEV1) < 80% predicted normal (< 90% for members 6-17 years old) submitted within year of request			
Provider must submit member blood eosinophil count after a trial and failure of at least 90 days of therapy with high dose inhaled corticosteroids <u>AND</u> long-acting inhaled beta-2 agonist. A failure of these medications is defined as a blood count > 150 cells/microliter (submit labs collected within the past 12 months)			
Eosinophil count: Date:			
(Continued on next page)			

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		<u>2.</u>	O	ral corticosteroid dependent asthma and meets ALL the following clinical criteria:		
			Member is currently being treated with <u>ONE</u> of the following unless there is a contraindication or intolerance to these medications and must be compliant on therapy <u>for at least 90 consecutive</u> <u>days</u> within a year of request (verified by pharmacy paid claims):			
				High-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) (e.g., greater than 500 mcg fluticasone propionate equivalent/day) <u>AND</u> an additional asthma controller medication (e.g., leukotriene receptor antagonist, long-acting beta-2 agonist (LABA), theophylline)		
				One maximally dosed combination ICS/LABA product (e.g., Advair® (fluticasone propionate/salmeterol), Dulera® (mometasone/formoterol), Symbicort® (budesonide/formoterol))		
			Me	ember has experienced at least ONE of the following (check all that apply):		
				ONE (1) or more exacerbations requiring additional medical treatment (e.g., oral corticosteroids, emergency department, urgent care visits or hospitalizations within the past 12 months)		
				Any prior intubation for an asthma exacerbation		
				Member has a baseline forced expiratory volume (FEV1) < 80% predicted normal (< 90% for members 6-17 years old) submitted within year of request		
u D	Diag	gnos	sis:	Moderate-to-Severe Asthma		
Rea	uth	ori	zat	ion: 12 months		
				as experienced a sustained positive clinical response to Dupixent [®] therapy as demonstrated by of the following (check all that apply):		
		leas	t <u>O</u> I			
	at 1	leas Inc	t <u>Ol</u> creas	NE of the following (check all that apply):		
	at]	leas Inc Re	t <u>Ol</u> creas duc	NE of the following (check all that apply): se in percent predicted Forced Expiratory Volume (FEV1) from baseline (pre-treatment)		
	at 1	leas Inc Re Re Re	t Of creaseduceduceduceduce	NE of the following (check all that apply): see in percent predicted Forced Expiratory Volume (FEV1) from baseline (pre-treatment) tion in the dose of inhaled corticosteroids required to control asthma		
	at 1	leas Inc Re Re Re aw	t Of creaseduce duceduce duceduce ake	NE of the following (check all that apply): se in percent predicted Forced Expiratory Volume (FEV1) from baseline (pre-treatment) tion in the dose of inhaled corticosteroids required to control asthma tion in the use of oral corticosteroids to treat/prevent exacerbation tion in asthma symptoms such as chest tightness, coughing, shortness of breath or nocturnal		
	at 1	leas Inc Re Re Re aw emb coler Hi	t Oreas educeduceduce educeduceduceduceduceduceduceduceduceduc	NE of the following (check all that apply): se in percent predicted Forced Expiratory Volume (FEV1) from baseline (pre-treatment) tion in the dose of inhaled corticosteroids required to control asthma tion in the use of oral corticosteroids to treat/prevent exacerbation tion in asthma symptoms such as chest tightness, coughing, shortness of breath or nocturnal nings se currently being treated with ONE of the following unless there is a contraindication or		
	at i	Inc Ree Ree Ree aw emb oler Hij equant	t ON crease duce duce duce rakes is ance gh-cuiva tago ne m	NE of the following (check all that apply): see in percent predicted Forced Expiratory Volume (FEV1) from baseline (pre-treatment) tion in the dose of inhaled corticosteroids required to control asthma tion in the use of oral corticosteroids to treat/prevent exacerbation tion in asthma symptoms such as chest tightness, coughing, shortness of breath or nocturnal nings se currently being treated with ONE of the following unless there is a contraindication or te to these medications (verified by pharmacy paid claims): the dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) (e.g., greater than 500 mcg fluticasone propionate thent/day) AND an additional asthma controller medication (e.g., leukotriene receptor		
	at :	Inc. Re Re Re aw emb coler Hi equ ant	tt ON the control of	NE of the following (check all that apply): see in percent predicted Forced Expiratory Volume (FEV1) from baseline (pre-treatment) tion in the dose of inhaled corticosteroids required to control asthma tion in the use of oral corticosteroids to treat/prevent exacerbation tion in asthma symptoms such as chest tightness, coughing, shortness of breath or nocturnal nings securrently being treated with ONE of the following unless there is a contraindication or te to these medications (verified by pharmacy paid claims): dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) (e.g., greater than 500 mcg fluticasone propionate thent/day) AND an additional asthma controller medication (e.g., leukotriene receptor thist, long-acting beta-2 agonist (LABA), theophylline) taximally dosed combination ICS/LABA product (e.g., Advair® (fluticasone)		
_ D	at :	Inc. Re Re Re aw emblooler Hi equant Or pro	tt ON transfer of the control of the	NE of the following (check all that apply): se in percent predicted Forced Expiratory Volume (FEV1) from baseline (pre-treatment) tion in the dose of inhaled corticosteroids required to control asthma tion in the use of oral corticosteroids to treat/prevent exacerbation tion in asthma symptoms such as chest tightness, coughing, shortness of breath or nocturnal nings se currently being treated with ONE of the following unless there is a contraindication or te to these medications (verified by pharmacy paid claims): those inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) (e.g., greater than 500 mcg fluticasone propionate thent/day) AND an additional asthma controller medication (e.g., leukotriene receptor tonist, long-acting beta-2 agonist (LABA), theophylline) that is a contraindication in the use of oral corticosteroid (ICS) (e.g., greater than 500 mcg fluticasone propionate thent/day) AND an additional asthma controller medication (e.g., leukotriene receptor tonist, long-acting beta-2 agonist (LABA), theophylline) that is a contraindication (e.g., leukotriene receptor tonist, long-acting beta-2 agonist (LABA), theophylline) that is a contraindication (e.g., leukotriene receptor tonist, long-acting beta-2 agonist (LABA), theophylline) that is a contraindication (e.g., leukotriene receptor tonist, long-acting beta-2 agonist (LABA), theophylline) that is a contraindication (e.g., leukotriene receptor tonist, long-acting beta-2 agonist (LABA), theophylline)		
_ D	at :	Re Re aw embooler Hij equant On pro	tt One control of the	See in percent predicted Forced Expiratory Volume (FEV1) from baseline (pre-treatment) tion in the dose of inhaled corticosteroids required to control asthma tion in the use of oral corticosteroids to treat/prevent exacerbation tion in asthma symptoms such as chest tightness, coughing, shortness of breath or nocturnal nings is currently being treated with ONE of the following unless there is a contraindication or to these medications (verified by pharmacy paid claims): Idose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) (e.g., greater than 500 mcg fluticasone propionate clent/day) AND an additional asthma controller medication (e.g., leukotriene receptor inist, long-acting beta-2 agonist (LABA), theophylline) taximally dosed combination ICS/LABA product (e.g., Advair® (fluticasone nate/salmeterol), Dulera® (mometasone/formoterol), Symbicort® (budesonide/formoterol)) Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)		

	Member has a diagnosis of moderate to severe Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) confirmed with spirometry demonstrating ONE of the following:
	□ FEV1/FVC ratio <0.7 post-bronchodilation
	□ Post-bronchodilator FEV1 % predicted of $\ge 30\%$ and $\le 80\%$
	Member is symptomatic confirmed by ONE of the clinical assessments:
	□ Modified Medical Research Council (mMRC) dyspnea grade \geq 2 (range 0-4)
	□ COPD Assessment Test (CAT) score \geq 10 (range 0-40)
	Member has experienced ONE of the following (chart notes must be submitted):
	At least two (2) exacerbations treated with short-acting bronchodilators and oral corticosteroids, with or without antibiotics in the past 12 months
	☐ At least one (1) exacerbation requiring hospitalization in the past 12 months
	Member has experienced signs or symptoms of chronic bronchitis (e.g., chronic productive cough) for \geq 3 months in the previous 12 months (chart notes must be submitted)
	Provider must submit a member blood eosinophil count level greater than or equal to 300 cells per microliter following at least 90 days of therapy of dual or triple-maintenance therapies (submit labs collected within the past 12 months)
	Member is currently being treated with <u>ONE</u> of the following unless there is a contraindication or intolerance to these medications and must be compliant on therapy <u>for at least 90 consecutive days</u> within year of the request (verified by chart notes and/or pharmacy paid claims):
	Triple therapy with a long-acting muscarinic antagonist (LAMA) (e.g., Spiriva Respimat ®), long-acting beta agonist (LABA) (e.g., Advair HFA, Dulera ®), and an inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) (e.g., fluticasone propionate)
	Dual therapy with a long-acting muscarinic antagonist (LAMA) (e.g., Spiriva Respimat ®) and long-acting beta agonist (LABA) (e.g., Advair HFA, Dulera ®) alone if inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) is contraindicated (must submit documentation that an ICS is contraindicated)
	Member is requesting Dupixent® (dupilumab) as add-on maintenance therapy to dual or triple therapy (verified by chart notes and/or pharmacy paid claims)
<u>]</u>	Diagnosis: Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)
Rea	authorization: 12 months
	Member has experienced a sustained positive clinical response to Dupixent® therapy as demonstrated by at least <u>ONE</u> of the following (check all that apply; chart notes must be submitted):
	☐ Increase in percent predicted Forced Expiratory Volume (FEV1) from baseline (pretreatment)
	☐ Reduction in exacerbations (e.g., decrease oral corticosteroids) or fewer hospitalizations
	☐ Reduction in dyspnea symptoms such as chest tightness, shortness of breath

	Member is currently being treated with ONE of the following unless there is a contraindication or intolerance to these medications (verified by chart notes and/or pharmacy paid claims): ☐ Triple therapy with a long-acting muscarinic antagonist (LAMA) (e.g., Spiriva Respimat ®), long-acting beta agonist (LABA) (e.g., Advair HFA, Dulera®), and an inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) (e.g., fluticasone propionate)
	□ Dual therapy with a long-acting muscarinic antagonist (LAMA) (e.g., Spiriva Respimat ®) and long-acting beta agonist (LABA) (e.g., Advair HFA, Dulera ®) alone if inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) is contraindicated (must submit documentation that an ICS is contraindicated)
	Member continues to use Dupixent® (dupilumab) as add-on maintenance therapy to dual or triple therapy (verified by chart notes and/or pharmacy paid claims)
⊐ D	iagnosis: Chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps (CRSwNP)
<u>Initi</u>	al Authorization: 12 months
	Prescribed by or in consultation with an allergist, immunologist or otolaryngologist
	Member is 12 years of age or older
	Member has a <u>diagnosis of CRSwNP</u> confirmed by the American Academy of Otolaryngology-Head and Neck Surgery Clinical Practice Guideline (Update): Adult Sinusitis (AAO-HNSF 2015)/American Academy of Allergy Asthma & Immunology (AAAAI) with <u>ONE</u> of the following clinical procedures: Anterior rhinoscopy Nasal endoscopy Computed tomography (CT)
	Member has a documented diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis defined by at least 12 weeks of the following: ☐ Mucosal inflammation AND at least TWO of the following: ☐ Decreased sense of smell ☐ Facial pressure, pain, fullness ☐ Mucopurulent drainage ☐ Nasal obstruction
	Member has tried and failed intranasal corticosteroids <u>for at least 30 consecutive days</u> within a year of request (verified by pharmacy paid claims)
	Member is refractory, ineligible or intolerant to ONE of the following: ☐ Systemic corticosteroids ☐ Sino-nasal surgery
	Member is requesting Dupixent® (dupilumab) as add-on therapy to maintenance intranasal corticosteroids (verified by pharmacy paid claims)

□ D	Diagnosis: Chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps (CRSwNP)
Rea	uthorization: 12 months
	Member has experienced a positive clinical response to Dupixent® therapy (e.g., reduced nasal polyp size, improved nasal congestion, reduced sinus opacification, decreased sino-nasal symptoms, improved sense of smell, reduction in use of oral corticosteroids)
	Member has been compliant with Dupixent® therapy and continues to receive therapy with an intranasal corticosteroid (verified by pharmacy paid claims)
□ D	Diagnosis: Eosinophilic Esophagitis (EoE)
<u>Initi</u>	ial Authorization: 12 months
	Prescribed by or in consultation with an allergist, immunologist, pulmonologist or gastroenterologist
	Member is 1 year of age or older and weighs at least 15 kg
	Member has a documented diagnosis of EoE as evidenced by at least 15 intraepithelial eosinophils per high-powered microscopy field (eos/hpf), or 60 eosinophils/mm ² on endoscopic biopsy (chart notes must be submitted)
	Member has a history of an average of at least two (2) episodes of dysphagia, with intake of solids, per week or prior history of esophageal dilation
	Provider attests to ONE of the following:
	☐ Member does <u>NOT</u> have a diagnosis of gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD) and/or GERD diagnosis has been ruled out
	☐ Member has a diagnosis of GERD that is being adequately managed by high dose PPI therapy (e.g., omeprazole 40-80 mg daily)
	Provider attestation to other causes of esophageal eosinophilia have been ruled out (i.e., active helicobacter pylori infection, hypereosinophilic syndrome and eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis, Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, celiac disease, achalasia)
	Member meets ONE of the following:
	☐ Member has tried an elemental diet or an empiric, 6-food elimination diet (i.e., dairy, eggs, wheat, soy, peanuts, fish/shellfish) to treat/manage eosinophilic esophagitis
	☐ Provider has determined that the individual is <u>NOT</u> an appropriate candidate for dietary modifications (clinical rationale must be documented in submitted chart notes)
	Member meets ONE of the following:
	☐ Member has tried and failed swallowed topical glucocorticoids (e.g., nebulized or swallowed nasal drops such as budesonide nasal spray or nebulizer solution) for at least 6 -12 weeks
	□ Provider has determined that the individual is <u>NOT</u> an appropriate candidate for prerequisite use of swallowed topical glucocorticoids due to the member's age

□ D	iag	nosis: Eosinophilic Esophagitis (EoE)	
Rea	uth	orization: 12 months	
	sto	mber has experienced disease response as indicated by improvement in signs and symptoms npared to baseline in one or more of the following: dysphagia/swallowing pain, including chest pain, mach pain, heartburn, regurgitation, and vomiting (chart notes must be submitted)	
		mber is in histologic remission defined as a peak esophageal intraepithelial eosinophil count of ≤ 6 /hpf	
□ D	iag	nosis: Prurigo Nodularis (PN)	
<u>Initi</u>	al A	Authorization: 6 months	
	Pre	scribed by or in consultation with an allergist, dermatologist or immunologist	
	Me	mber is 18 years of age or older	
		mber has a diagnosis of prurigo nodularis (PN) for at least three (3) months (chart notes must be omitted)	
	Member's disease is <u>NOT</u> secondary to medications or medical conditions (i.e., neuropathy or psychiatric disease)		
	Member has an average worst itch score of at least 7 or greater on the Worst Itch Numeric Rating Scale (WI-NRS 0-10) (chart notes must be submitted)		
		mber has at least 20 prurigo nodularis lesions, in total, on legs, arms and/or trunk (chart notes must submitted)	
	☐ Member has tried and failed, has a contraindication, or intolerance to <u>ALL</u> four of the following therapies (chart notes documenting contraindication(s) or intolerance must be attached; trials we be verified using pharmacy claims and/or submitted chart notes):		
		30 days (14 days for very high potency) of therapy with ONE medium to very-high potency topical corticosteroid in the past 180 days	
		30 days of therapy with <u>ONE</u> of the following topical calcineurin inhibitors in the past 180 days:	
		tacrolimus 0.03 % or 0.1% ointment	
	_	pimecrolimus 1% cream (generic Elidel) [requires prior authorization]	
		90 days of phototherapy (e.g., NB UV-B, PUVA) unless the member is not a candidate and/or has an intolerance or contraindication to therapy	
		90 days of therapy with ONE of the following oral immunosuppressants in the past 180 days:	
		□ azathioprine	
		□ cyclosporine	
		□ methotrexate	

	Diagnosis:	Prurigo	Nodularis	(PN)
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Reauthorization: 12 months

☐ Member has experienced disease response as indicated by improvement (reduction) in signs and symptoms compared to baseline in one or more of the following: pruritus severity, number of lesions, and/or WINRS (chart notes must be submitted)

Medication being provided by Specialty Pharmacy – Proprium Rx

Not all drugs may be covered under every Plan.

If a drug is non-formulary on a Plan, documentation of medical necessity will be required.

**Use of samples to initiate therapy does not meet step edit/preauthorization criteria. **

*Previous therapies will be verified through pharmacy paid claims or submitted chart notes. *

^{*}Approved by Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee: 5/18/2017; 5/21/2020; 3/17/2022; 7/21/2022; 11/18/2022; 3/21/2024; 9/26/2024; 11/21/2024 REVISED/UPDATED/REFORMATTED: 6/6/2017; 7/11/2017; 8/5/2017; 3/2/2019; 9/18/2019; 10/8/2019; 7/9/2020; 11/5/2020; 12/14/2021;